



# **Review of Findings Phase Two ESA Former Thornbury Landfill Site**

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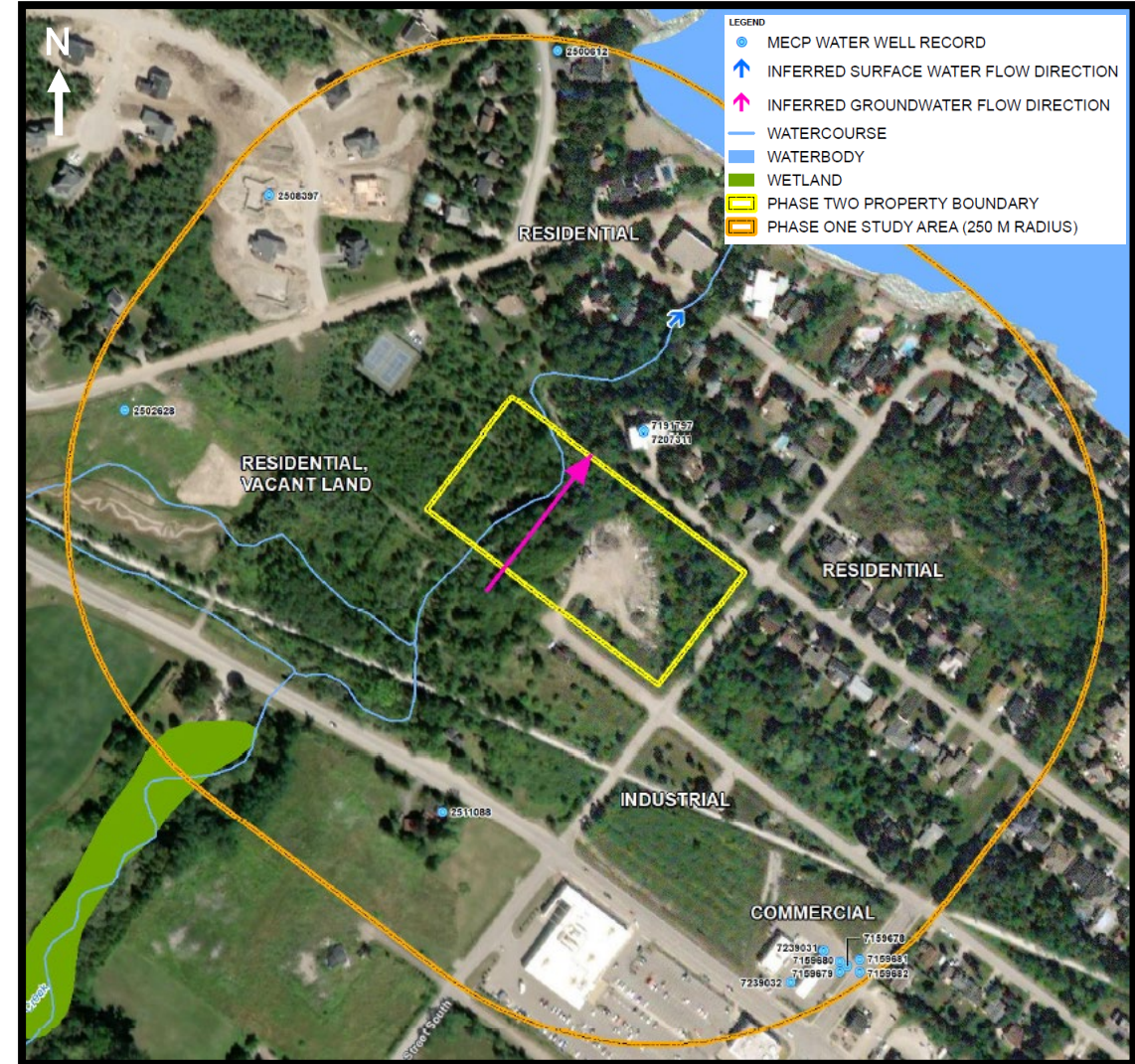
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# Introduction

- King St W and Lansdowne St N
- Phase One ESA - June 2022
- Phase Two ESA - November 2022



# Areas of Potential Environment Concern (APECs)

1	Former use of site as landfill from 1953 (earliest possible date) to 1969
2	Current and former use of site for aggregate storage, fill placement, snow storage
3	Current storage of several drums
4	Presence of an on-site pole-mounted transformer
5	Current and historical storage of boat cribs, boats and other non-deleterious materials
6	Current and former storage and parking of snowploughs
7	Importation of fill material of poor quality for berm construction
8	Former presence of orchards on surrounding properties

# APEC Locations



# Phase Two ESA Scope of Work

- HSSE Plan, utility locates
- Borehole advancement
- Monitoring Well/Gas Probe Installation
- Soil sampling
- Landfill gas monitoring
- Groundwater monitoring and sampling
- Surface water sampling
- Survey
- Report

## Contaminants of Concern/Sampling Parameters

Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC)

Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC)

Metals, Inorganics, Other Regulated Parameters (ORP)

Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)

Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

Organochlorine Pesticides (OCP)

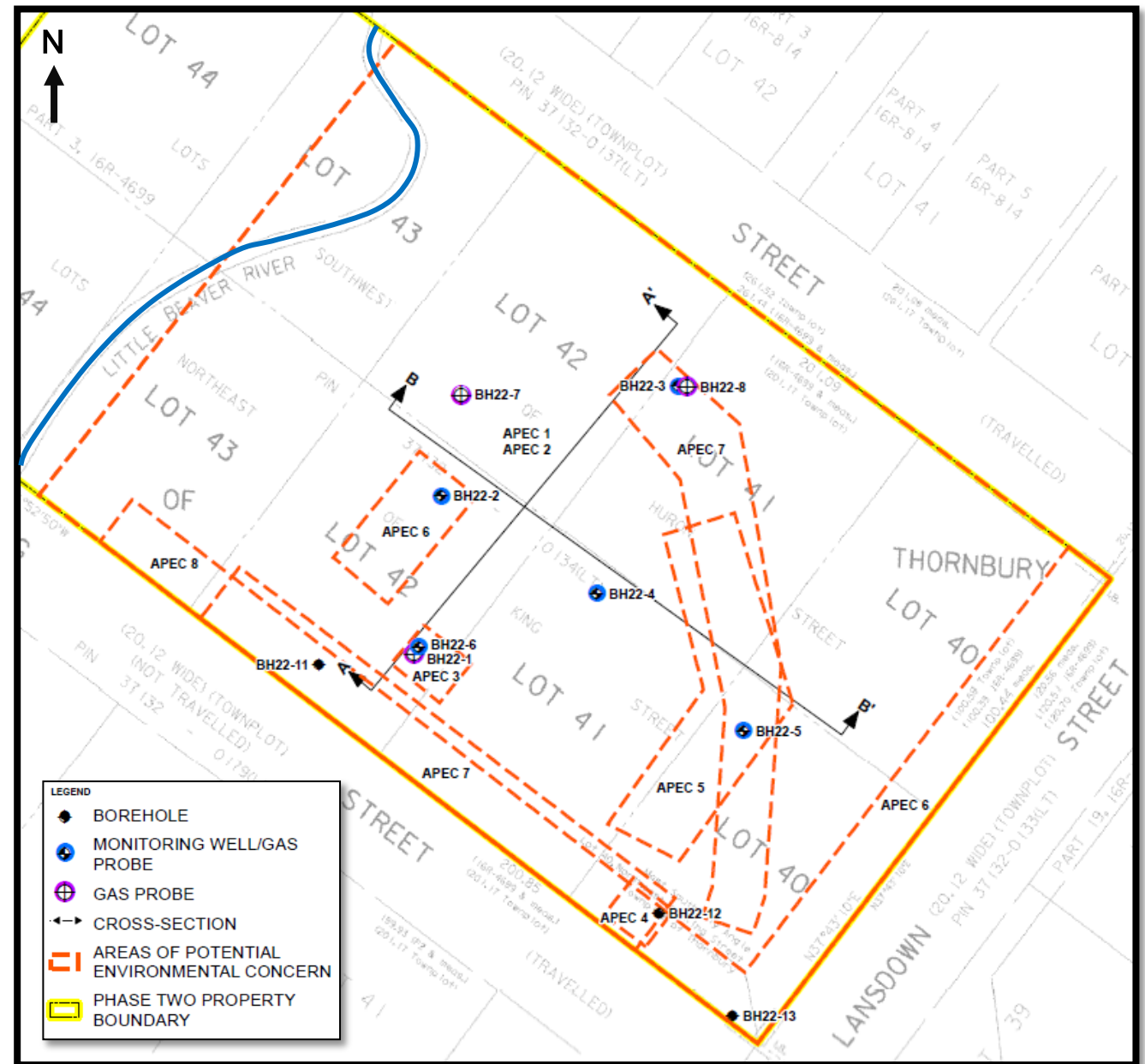
## Environmental Standards

Table 8 RPI and ICC SCS (potable water, within 30 m of water body)

PWQO (for surface water)

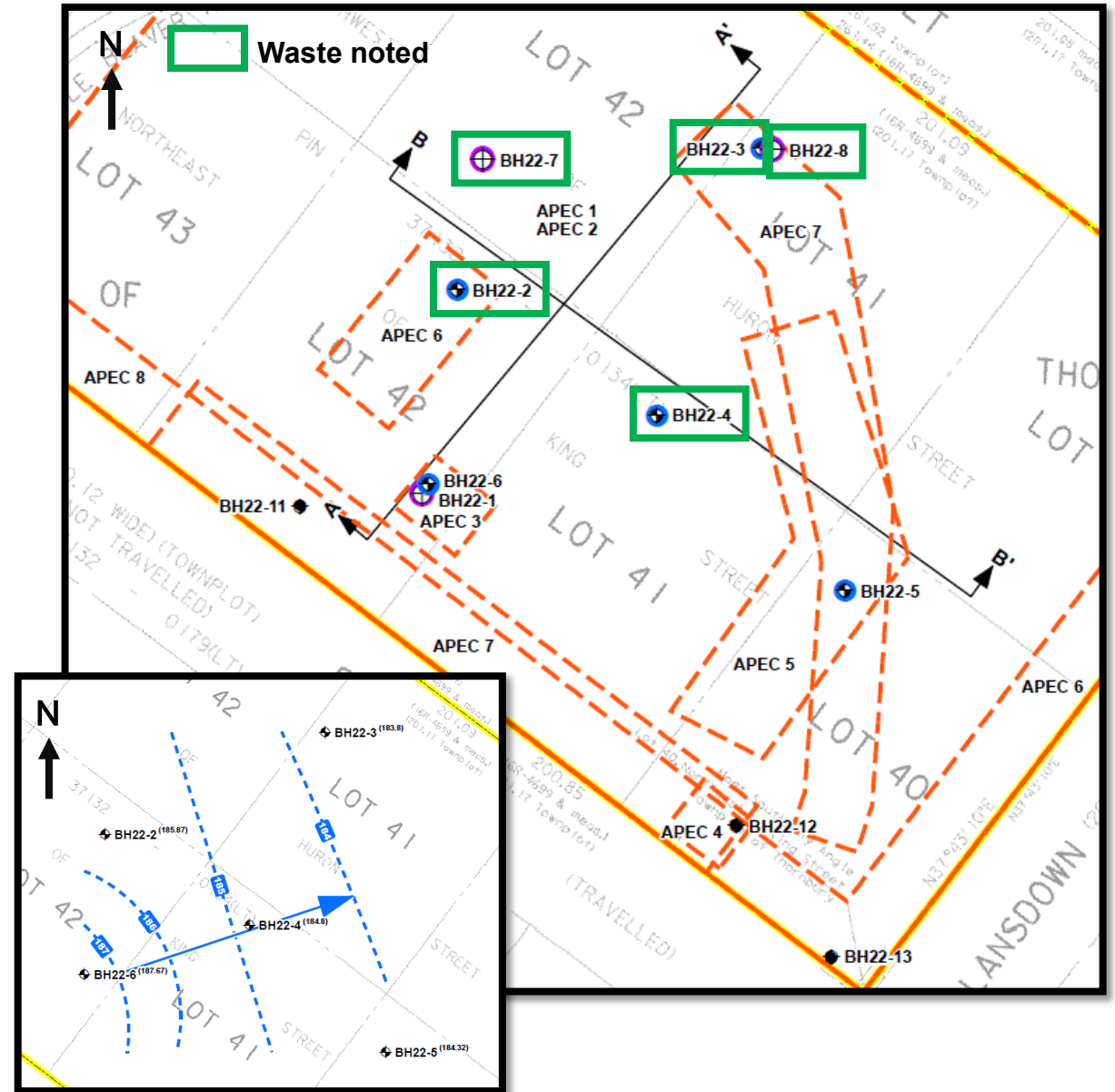
# Site Instrumentation

- 11 BHs advanced in March 2022
- 5 BHs completed as groundwater monitoring wells
- 3 BHs completed as landfill gas probes
- Monitoring wells and gas probes used for landfill gas monitoring
- Monitoring wells used for groundwater monitoring and sampling



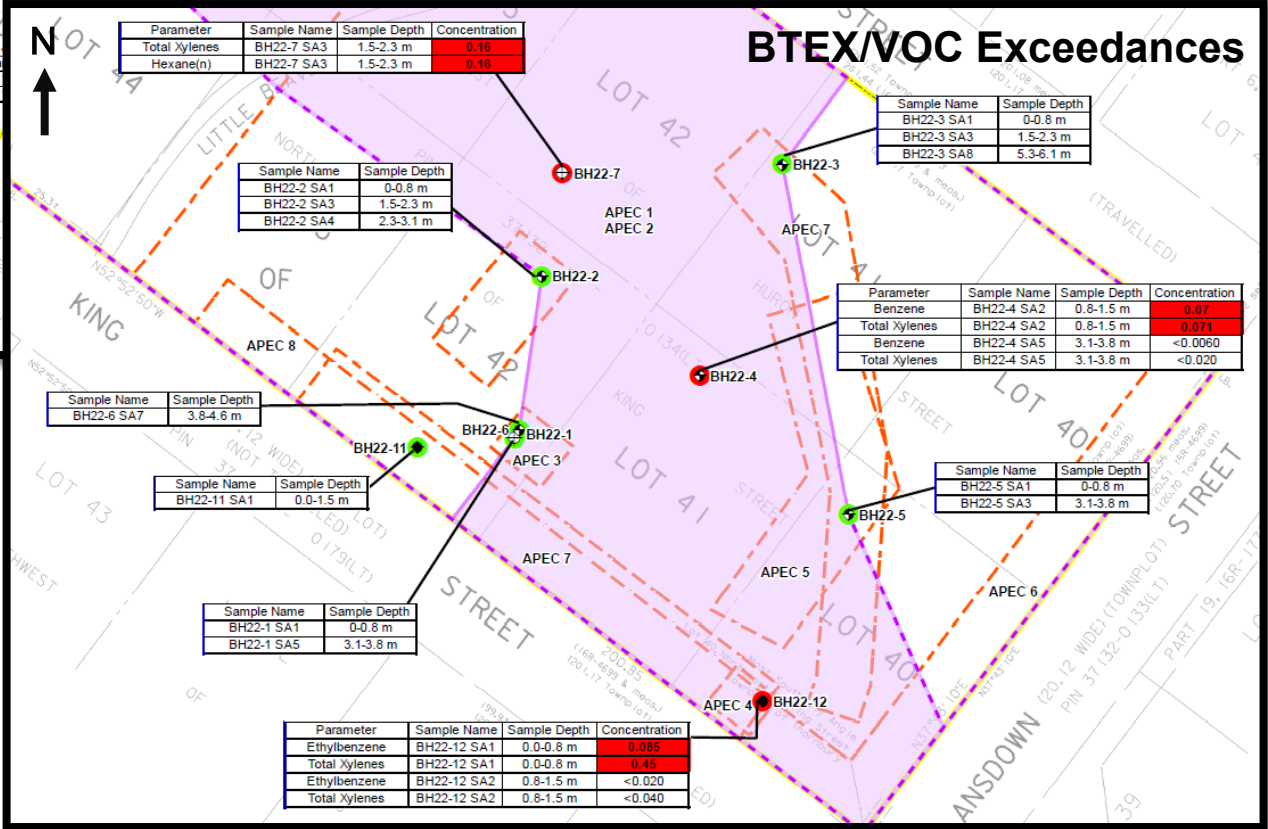
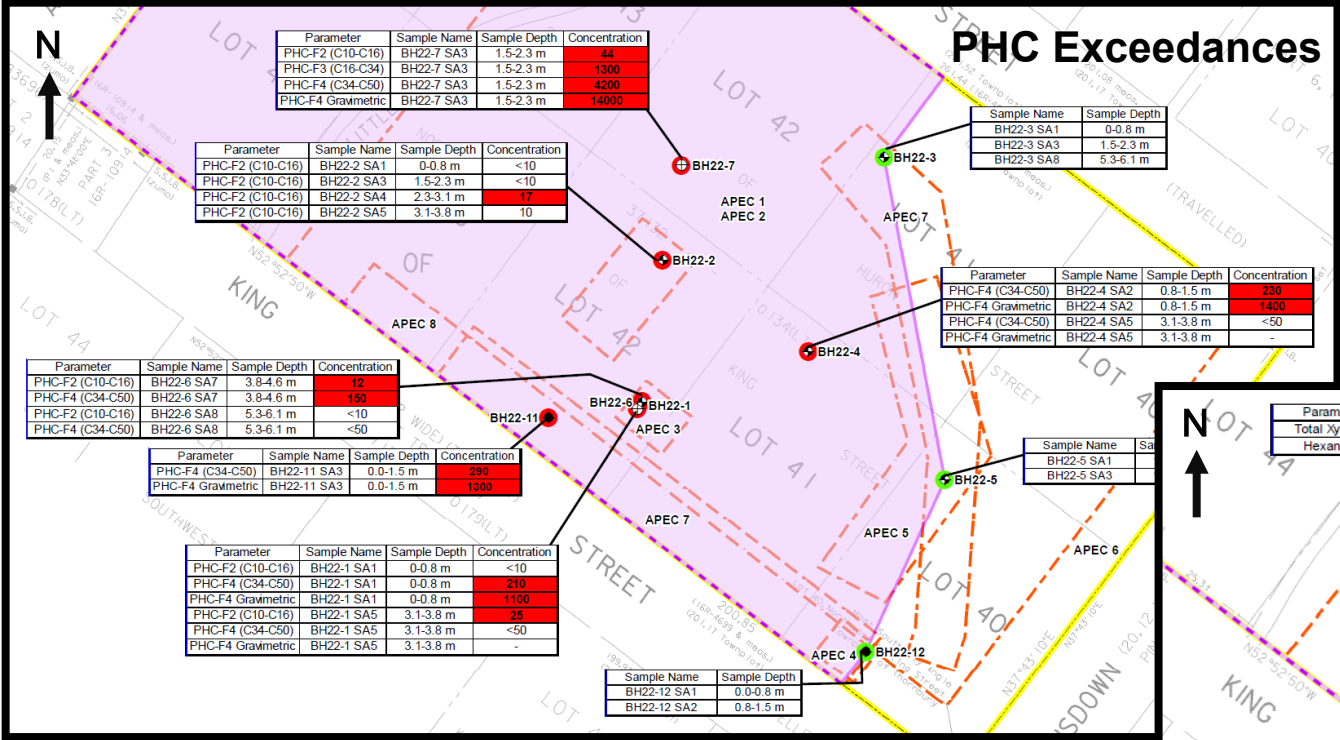
# Review and Evaluation

- Coarse, surficial fill underlain by clayey silt to silty clay
- Waste material at BH22-2, BH22-3, BH22-4, BH22-7, BH22-8 (max depth of 3.81 mbgs)
- Water levels: 1.2 to 4.5 mbgs
- Groundwater flow direction to the NE (localized component to creek)



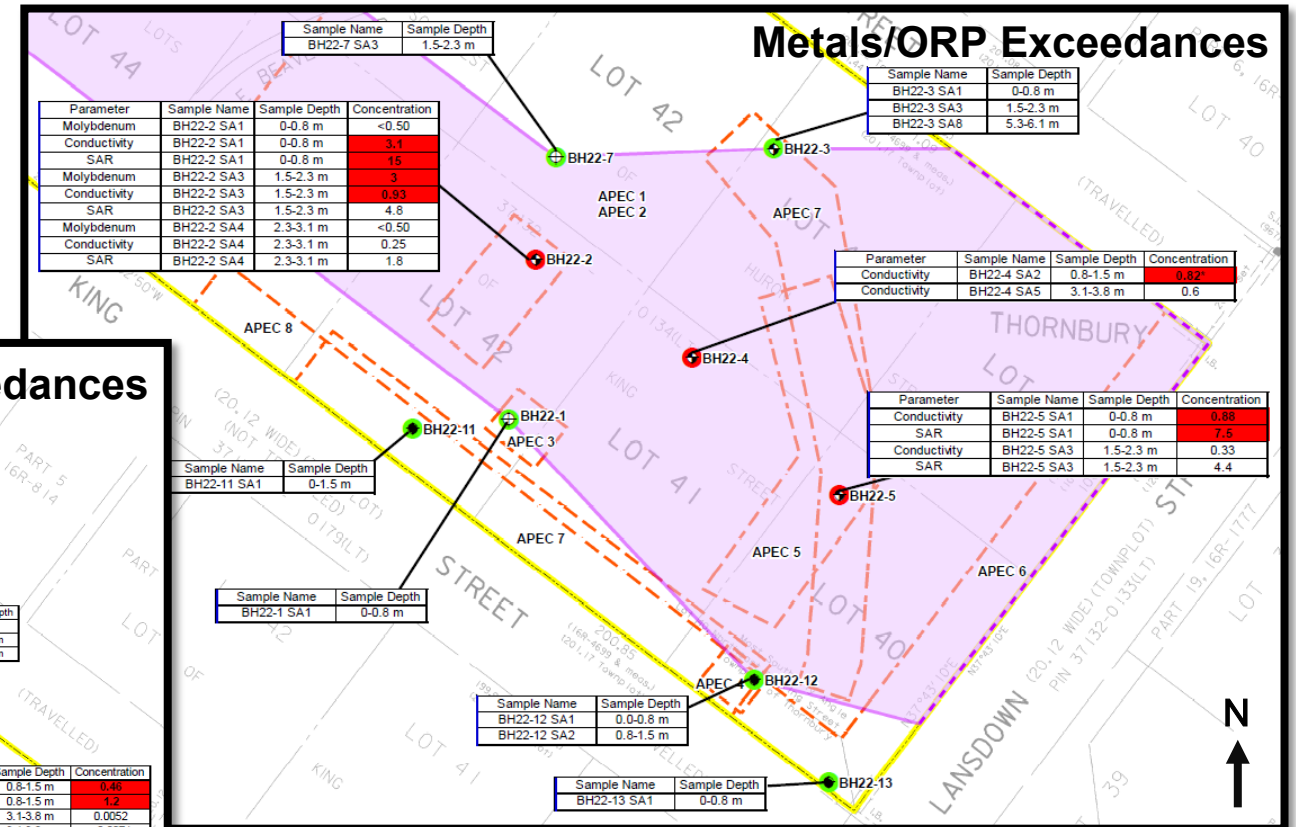
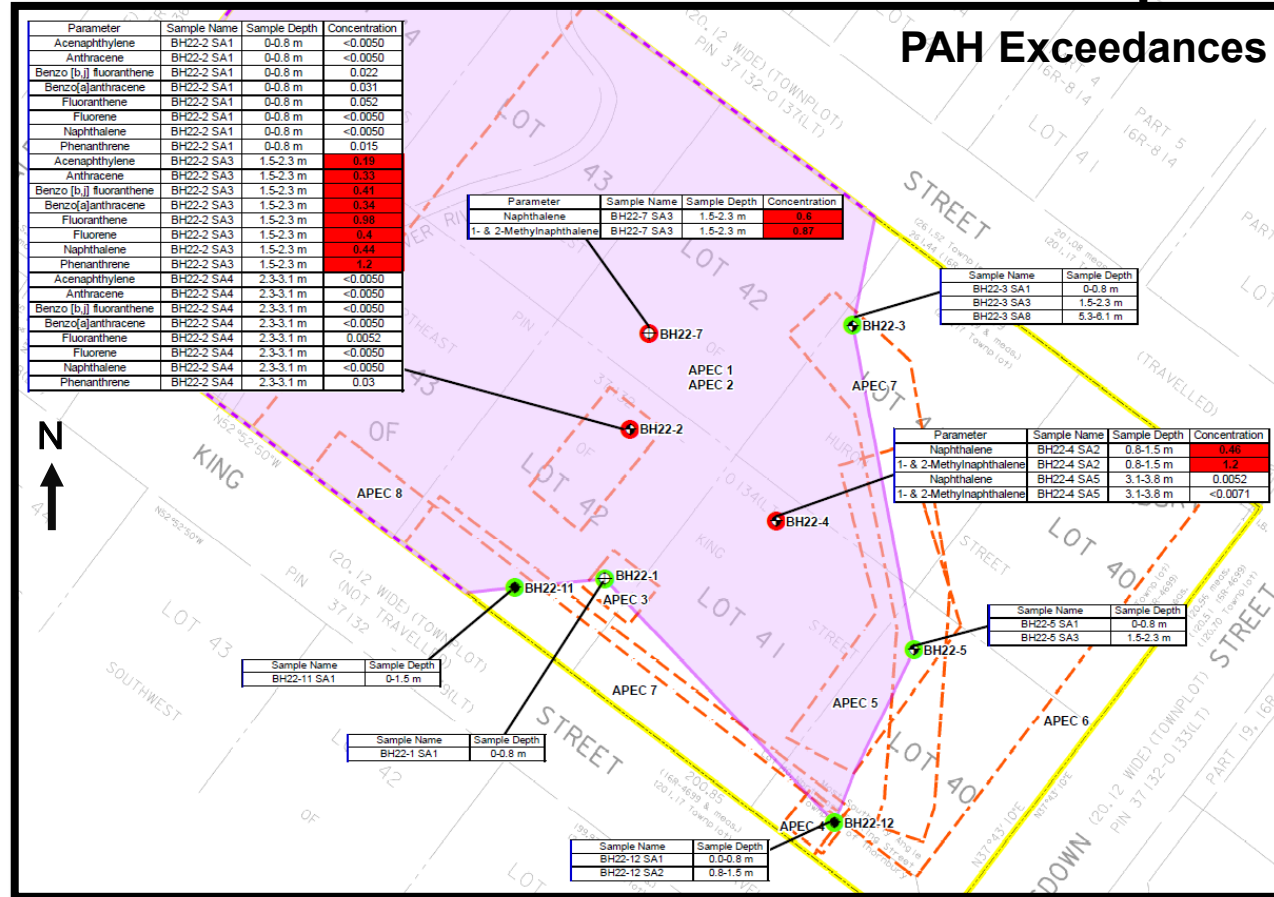
# Soil Results

Parameter Group	Number of soil samples analysed	Number of soil samples with exceedances of Table 8 RPI and ICC SCS
PHC	19, plus 2 duplicates	7, plus 1 duplicate
VOC and BTEX	17, plus 2 duplicates	3
Metals/Hydride Forming Metals	16, plus 2 duplicates	1
ORP	16, plus 2 duplicates	3, plus 1 duplicate
PAH	15, plus 2 duplicates	3
OCP	3	0
PCB	3	0



# Soil Results

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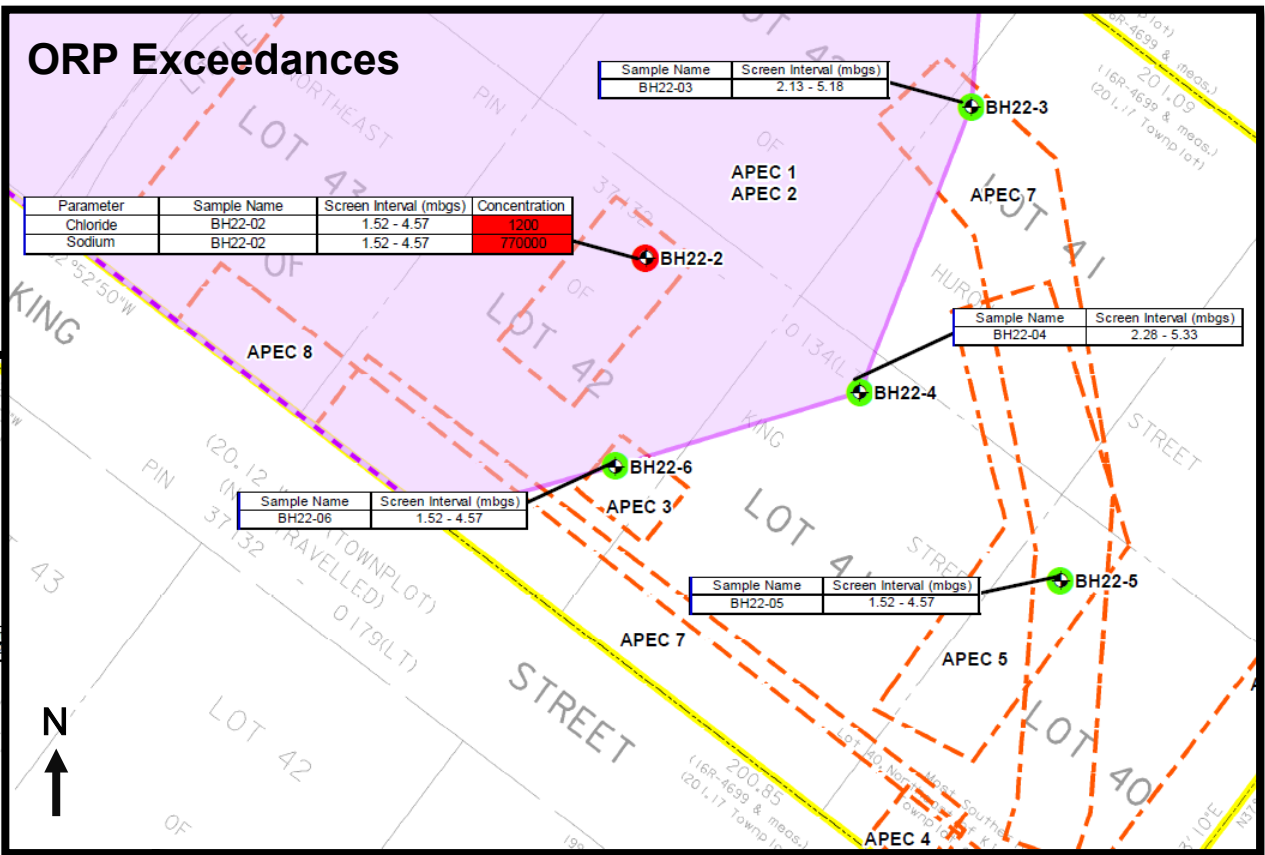
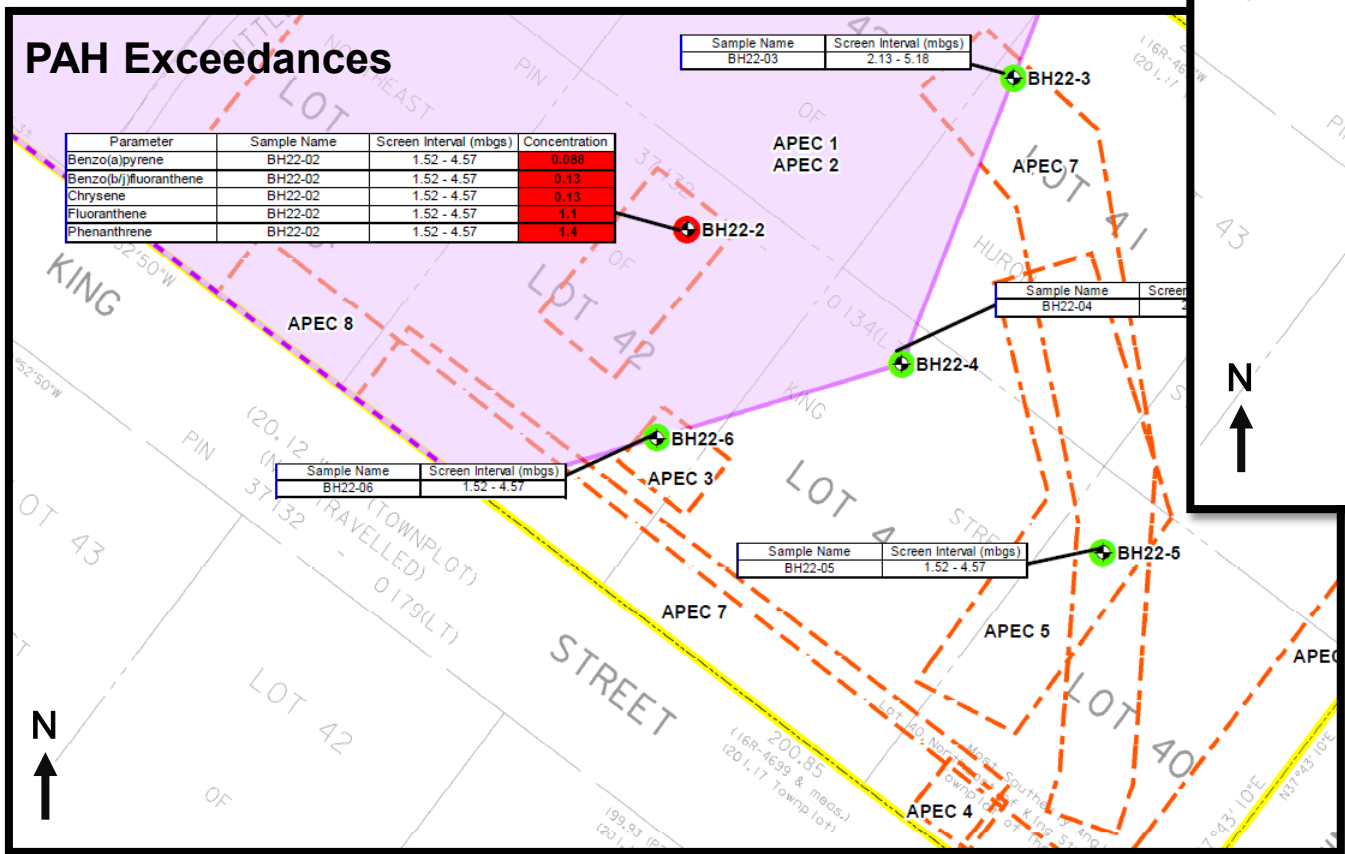


# Groundwater Results

Parameter Group	Number of GW samples analysed	Number of GW samples with exceedances of Table 8 RPI and ICC SCS
PHC	5, plus 1 duplicate	0
VOC and BTEX	5, plus 1 duplicate	0
Metals/Hydride Forming Metals	5, plus 1 duplicate	0
ORP	5, plus 1 duplicate	1
PAH	5, plus 1 duplicate	1

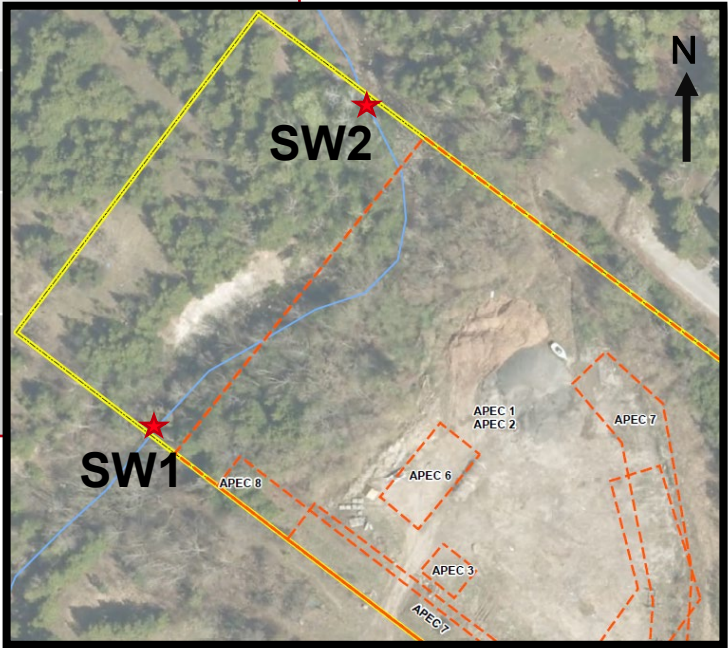
Note: samples collected using low flow sampling technique

# Groundwater Results



# Surface Water Results

Parameter Group	Number of SW samples analysed	Number of SW samples with exceedances of PWQO/Table 8 RPI and ICC SCS
PHC	2, plus 1 duplicate	0
VOC and BTEX	2, plus 1 duplicate	0
Metals/Hydride Forming Metals	2, plus 1 duplicate	0
ORP	2, plus 1 duplicate	0
PAH	2, plus 1 duplicate	0



# Landfill Gas Results

- Standard for landfill gas based on Lower Explosive Limit (LEL) of methane in air (5 %)
- Methane in soil can accumulate in enclosed spaces, open flame/spark may cause explosion
- Methane detected at 5 locations in March 2022, 3 locations in May 2022, 2 locations in September 2022
- Maximum concentration of 16.2% LEL (BH22-3)
- Readings greater than 5% LEL observed at BH22-3 (within waste), BH22-4 (within waste), BH22-5

*There is potential for explosive gas on site; however, since there are no buildings and the landfill cap is coarse textured, there does not appear to be an immediate danger of landfill gas build up on site.*

*Additional landfill gas investigations at site boundaries required to assess potential off-site methane migration.*

*WSP Golder recommends no unshielded sparking devices, open flames or smoking on site. Use of a four-gas monitor is recommended during future construction activities if waste material is excavated.*

# Conclusions

- Impacts noted:
  - APEC 1: Landfill gas impacts
  - APECs 1 and/or 2: PHC, BTEX, VOC, conductivity, SAR and PAH soil impacts
  - APECs 1 and/or 2: Sodium, chloride and PAH groundwater impacts
  - APEC 3: PHC soil impacts
  - APEC 6: PHC soil impacts
  - APEC 7: PHC and BTEX soil impacts
- No soil or groundwater impacts associated with APECs 4, 5 and 8
- Surface water impacts not observed at two sampling locations
- Risk assessment or remediation required prior to submission of Record of Site Condition (RSC) (if required)
- Additional delineation required prior to risk assessment or remediation

1	Former use of site as landfill
2	Use of site for aggregate storage, fill placement, snow storage
3	Storage of several drums
4	Presence of pole-mounted transformer
5	Storage of boat cribs, boats and other non-deleterious materials
6	Storage and parking of snowploughs
7	Importation of fill material for berm construction
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## Recommendations/Next Steps – Waste Delineation and Groundwater

- Delineation of waste using test pitting
- Re-sample all monitoring wells using low flow sampling technique
- Installation of monitoring well at or near BH22-7 to assess groundwater quality based on measured soil exceedances
- Lateral and vertical delineation of soil impacts and groundwater impacts (if necessary)

## Recommendations/Next Steps – Waste Area and Berm Assessment

- Based on waste area of 50 m by 50 m and thickness of 3 m, waste material may occupy a volume of 7,500 cubic m (cursory estimate, delineation of waste required to generate robust estimate)
- Based on berm area of 110 m by 10 m and height of 2-3 m, berm material may occupy a volume of 2,200 to 3,300 cubic m (cursory estimate, berms along King St W only)
- Soil samples from berms along King St W exceed Table 8 RPI and ICC SCS for on site use but meet Table 3.1 RPI and ICC ESQS for beneficial off-site reuse
- Delineation of soil impacts within berms may decrease volume to be removed from site
- No waste observed at soil sampling locations within berms

## Recommendations/Next Steps - Continued

	Remediation	Risk Assessment	Sale of Property
<b>Description, Pros/Cons</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove defined waste, soil berms, areas with soil exceedances</li> <li>Transport waste to landfill</li> <li>Berm soil material may be beneficially reused</li> <li>Limited future groundwater monitoring (2 rounds, quarterly, minimum timeframe 6 months)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Detailed delineation of impacts required (additional investigations)</li> <li>Establishment of site-specific standards required in consideration of Little Beaver Creek and Intake Protection Zone 2</li> <li>On-going monitoring required (frequency and duration unknown)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Sale of property in current state (as is)</li> <li>No additional environmental work required if sold as is</li> </ul>
<b>Liability Considerations</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Known impacts would be removed from site</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Known impacts remaining on site would be risk mitigated</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Dependent on purchase of sale agreement</li> <li>Requires legal opinion</li> </ul>



# Thank you

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